TOMBSTONE EPITAPH.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

MEEK & MADERO Fourth Street, between Fremont and Allen

Tombstone, Cochise County, Arizona. ENTERED IN THE POST OFFICE AS MECOND-CLASS MATTER.

FONSECA, the head of the govern ment of Brazil, is said to be dying.

THE last number of Scribner's Magazine contains an interesting article they are ramabiguigh the mills of the on water storage which is well illustrated. The Walnut Grove dam, of Yavapai county, comes in for illustra- tlement. Congress, surveyor generals tions, and such a publication in a periodical of such a reputation will attract considerable attention to our our land grant scandals have done us Territory.

THE Phenix Gazette has undergone a change of heart as far as Judge Kibbey is concerned, and now, instead of abusing him pats him on the back. However, it keeps on hammering away at Judge Sloan, without rhyme or reason. Do you know, John, that in doing so it might just be possible that you are playing into Wolfley's hand? Strangers things have hap-

HENRY M. GRADY, the brilliant young editor of the Atlanta Constitution, died on the 23d instant. His death is a great loss to the South, especially to that portion of the Southern people who had accepted the results of the war and are honestly trying to bring their section into line with the spirit that animates the rest of the Union. Journalism has lost a man that was an honor to the profession.

JUDGING from the vigorous attacks on ex-Governor Safford because of his criticisms of our misfit executive, Mr. Safford seems to have upset the equanimity of the Governor and his friends. Instead of trying to answer his arguments, they descend to the disgraceful depths of raking up Mr. Safford's unfortunate domestic troubles, which, according to the Prescott Courier, and Mr. Marion ought to know what he is talking about, were not his fault. Such tactics on the part of his defamers only increases our respect for Mr. Safford.

A club composed entirely of Western members of Congress has been organized in Washington, at the head of which is Senator Stewart. Its object is to unite all members of Congress from States and Territories west of the Missouri, on a common line of policy that will be beneficial to the different sections of the country they represent, and by thus combining their strength to force the eastern members to pay some attention to ters, such as the silver question and the storage of water. Such a club, if intelligently handled, will be of great benefit to the far West and Southwest.

Considering the record of Speaker Reed on the silver question, his appointment of the Committee on Coins, Weight and Measures was considerable of a surprise to the West. Conger, of Iowa, the chairman, is an advocate of free coinage, and many other members of the committee are known to be strong advocates of silver, Mr. Reed is one of the ablest men in the Republican party, has been in public life for many years, and it is only reasonable to suppose that he is ambitious to occupy a higher place than Speaker of the House. He has judgment and political sense enough to know that the West is in earnest on the silver question, and that it will play an important part in the next presidential election. The West, and especially the Pacific slope, is rapidly gaining in political importance, and with the admission of the four new states, with a possibility of three more before the election in 1892, the Eastern managers of the party will be forced to pay heed to our demands. Mr. Reed is shrewd enough to appreciate the changed condition of affairs, and being in a position to make a bid for the votes of the Western delegates in the next national convention has not neglected the opportunity.

A LAND COURT.

Says the Las Vegas Optic , Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, has done a ser vice to that great area of the western country afflicted with the land grant system, by introducing a bill in the Senate providing for the establishment of a special court to settle the title to private land claims. The court is to be established for this work exclusively and, if the bill becomes a law, it will greatly expedite the settlement of the titles to land. At present, here in New Mexico, we seem to be hopelessly stuck in this respect, and the more we litigate our land titles and the oftener courts, the more involved they seem to get and the further removed from setand courts, all combined, bave failed to give us any satisfactory relief, and harm over the country and have been one mast serious securiment to irrigation. Senator Welcott's bill provides for the establishment of a United States land court for 'the judicial investigation and settlement of private land claims in the states of Colorado and Nevada, and the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico, Urah and Wyoming. The bill provides for a chief justice and two associates, and the court is to sit at different periods of the year at the capitals of the various states and territories named There is an urgent need for this courand we devostly trust that the bill will be speedily enacted into a law.

A MAN by the name of Adam, of New Orleans, now claims the Peraita Reavis land grant. But after reading Surveyor General Johnson's letter he will not feel so rich,

MR J. C. HERNDON, of Prescott, i reported to be a candidate for the congressional nomination on the Democratic ticket. If Mr. Herndon should get the nomination the Republicans will of necessity have to place in nomination an equally good man.

THE holiday edition of the Journalist, a New York publication, is a splendid number. Its contents are almost exclusively devoted to matter concerning the newspaper business, and many of the articles contain valuable information and hints as to the manner of making a success of publishing a newspaper.

Attention, Windmill Men !

Parties desiring to purchase windmills will do well to investigate the merits of the Aermotor, which is the latest improved, showing an increase of power of 35 per cent. A 12-foot wheel is guaranteed to do as much pondent says: work as any 16-foot wooden wheel in the market. In all respects it represents the latest improvements of inventive skill. For further information and circulars address

Of Tucson. Box 120, Tueson, Arizons. 9 26tf

Last winter Mr. H. E. Kinkade, collector for the United States Express Company, at Des Moines, Iowa, was severely troubled with chilblains. The swelling and intense itching of his feet was a great annoyance to him. He tried several remedies without benefit, but fortunately bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says he only applied it three timeuntil his feet were 'entirely' well and free from itching and swelling. For sile by H. J. Peto.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing syrup, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States and has been used for over forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of eething its value is incalcuable. It relieves the child of pain, cures dysentery and diarrhoca, griping in the bowels, and wind colic. By giving health to the child it gives rest to the mother. Price iana6 iv 52 cents a bottle

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

The firm of Ritter & Hook, doing husiness in Tombstone is Sereby dissoved. A. J. Ritter retiring.

All bills due by said firm will be raid by Peter F. Hook, and all pasties owing said firm Will please call and settle

Tombstone, A. T., December 17, 1889.

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A Dangerous Brng.

On inquiry at a number of drug stores, it is learned that an invrin has become quite a popular remedy with non-professionals who, having learned gof its value as a nerve tonic now prescribe it for themselves for a variety of ailments. Almost its first use by physicians was for headaches, in which in many instances its effect was simply marvelous. Probably no other one remedy ever proved so effective in headaches of nervous character. Recognizing at once the ge: ', soothing influence of the remedy upon the overstrained nerves, quite naturally enough it was not long before many of those whom it had been given began to use it for other derangements. which seemed to them to be of the same origin as the headaches. As with morphine, chloral, cocoaine and other agents of a like charactermost seductive in their effects-the trabit of using antypirin is easily formed, and once formed is extremely difficult to break. And it is a deplorable fact that very many, indeed, are now victims to the drug. As has recently been said of them they are to be found especially among society women, whose nerves, strung up to a high pitch by the overwhelming demands of a winter season of gayety, seize eagerly upon anything that will afford relief from headaches and other disorders arising from prolonged fatique and over-tired nerves. So pleasing is the effect that it is soon used for every triffing ill feeling until the patient finds berself unable to live without it, and the fascinating "antipyrin habit" is formed. The agent, when first added to the list of remedies, was supposed to be perfectly harmless in anything like reasonable doses. But that idea soon became dissipated; and to day there is no small number of physicians who will not use it at all, they being actually afraid of it, because of its variable ac tion on different patients. Cases of antipyrin poisoning are constantly being reported, and they are not by any means the consequence of overdoses

A correspondent of the Chicago Herald has learned that Senator Wilson is for free coinage and relates the substance of an interview. The Sen ator's reasons may not be statistical, but they are convincing, as the disposition of all people to save the shining metal when making a stocking sinking fund is well known. The bright dollar will be put away when the greasy note might be spent, and when several millions of farmers and their wives begin hoarding silver it will take a larger product than the world has at present to supply the demand. The corres-

"Senator Wilson, of Iowa, believes in the coinage of the silver dollar, and gives a novel reason for his belief. "I am in favor, he says, of hearding among the people, and I find that where the silver dollar is circulated there the people will save their money, The fact was first brought to my attention in my own town. Before the issue of the silver certificates and when \$1 and \$2 bills were scarce, the banks sent to Chicago for silver dolbars with which to make change. It was then noticed that if ten silver dollars were given out in change, only two of them came back to the bank, whereas under the old system of giving bills in change, all the notes would come back in the course of the day. The natural inference was that the farmers carried home with them some of the dollars and put them away in the old stocking. Thinking that perhaps the silver dollars found come other outlet than the banks, I went to the express offices and asked if the money was sent back to Chicago by express. I found that such was not the case. I made inquiries at the banks in other towns in the State than my own. There I found that the silver dollars were disappearing into the homes of the people."

/Was that fact due mainly to the novelty of the silver money?"

'No, because it kept up all the time. I have no doubt that the circulation of the silver dollar would in a measure tend to prevent a panie, for as soon as money became a little tight the farmers would bring out the reand settle.

PETER'F, HOOK to the French that enabled France to
A. F. RITTER.

A. T., December 1. serve store. It was this system of the Franco-Prossian war,"

A Perfect Woman.

It was a very old Spanish writer who said that "a woman is quite perfect and absolute in beauty if she had thirty good points." Here they are:

teeth, the hands.

Three black-the eyes, the eyebrows, the evelashes.

Three red-the lips, the cheeks, the nails.

Three long-the body, the bair, the hands.

Three short-the teeth, the ears, the Three broad-the chest, the brow,

the space between the eyebrows. Three narrow-the mouth, the

waist, the instep. Three large-the arm, the loin, the

Three fine-the fingers, the hair, the lips.

Three small-the bust, the nose, the head.

Answers to Correspondents.

INQUIRER 1. The Montana Lottery was first authorized by the Legislature August, 1887, and has been doing business ever since. 2. The CAPITAL PRIZES ARE \$15,000, \$10,000, AND \$5,000 each, to be drawn January 18. 1890, and monthly thereafter. 3, You should be able to get Montana State Lottery Tickets (\$1.00 each) from any lottery dealer. Ask for them, or address the company's manager, J. J. Jacobs, Butte, Montana.

WILL WYNNE, I. The Montana State Lottery always draws in public, and a committee is selected from the audience to supervise the drawings. 2. No, a lottery could not be drawn in public and be conducted unfairly or impartially. 3. There is no question about its fairness. 4. The Lottery has been running for nearly three years, and has paid ALL ITS PRIZES IN FULL, so it is as worthy of confidence and as "famed for integrity" as any other lottery. 5. The Capital Prize is \$15,000, the smallest \$7.50; send money to J. J. Jacobs, Butte, Mon-

Mr. W. H. Baldridge, druggist, Escondido, California, says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best selling medicine I handle. In fact I sell more of it than all other cough medicines combined. Everyone who has tirely accurate. The issue of Hostetused it speaks in glowing terms of its ter's Almanac for 1890 will probably efficiency." For sale by H. J. Peto.

Buckey O'Neill, of Prescott, is said to be a candidate for Congress before the Republican convention.-Phenix



Combines the juice of the Blue Figs of California, so laxative and nutritious with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the man system, forming the ONLY PER-FECT REMEDY to act gently yet promptly on the

KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

Cleanse the System Effectually.

PURE BLOOD,

REFRESHING SLEEP, **HEALTH and STRENGTH** Naturally follow. Every one is using it and all are delighted with it. Ask your druggist for SYRUP OF FIGS. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Prof. Loisette's

DISCOVERY AND TRAINING METHOD

A New Saint

If Sonora dispatches are to be taken at their face value another saint has been added to the calendar list. The Lee-Cook News Agency of this city Three things white-the skin, the has received the following telegrams telling of the wonderful cures of what is demonitrated the new saint!

GUAYMAS, Dec. 19,-Public attention has been directed to the town of Cabora near the Mayo river by the peculiar case of a young lady named Teresa Urrea 17 years old, who after an apparent death of five hours, returned to life and is now practising. numerous and miraculous cures. She says that God has made revelations to her and advises those who visit her to be charitable and love their neighbors and not believe in the priests who are speculators in religion.

Infinite numbers of believers from all parts of the State are flocking to Cabora to see the saint or extraordinary doctress.

Physicians and other scientific men believe this case to be either catalepsy or hypnotism. It is said that she effects her cures and revelations after having been prostrated in her bed with strange sufferings for several

BAYROVECA, (Sonora) Dec. 19-In Cabora a girl sick with catalepsy has declared herself inspired by God, after this delirious attack.

The superstitious people have declared her a saint, saying that she cures blindness, makes cripples walk, etc., by the use of earth, which is false.-Two Republics.

A Valuable Medical Treatise.

The edition for 1890 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States, Mexico. and indeed in every country of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for over onefourth of a century. It combines. with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, &c., are prepared with great care, and will be found enbe the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messra Hostetter & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

One of the latest applications of electricity is the making of a foor mat that throws out heat-an electric. heater, in fact, in the form of a mat. An excellent device for warming the

NINTH

ANNUAL

RESCUE HOSE CO. No. 1, T.F.D. To be held at

VEREIN HALL TURN

TUESDAY, DEC., 31, 1889.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS: John Montz, Frank Ryan, Hugh Conlon,

J. H. Campbell, J. P. Shaughnessy; A. J. Ritter. COMMITTEE ON RECEPTION:

C. N. Thomas, Nat Hawke, ---George Noddin, Ben Cook, R. S. Hatch John Prindiville, Will Barron,

Fred Herrera, Geo. Myers, Joseph Lippert, T. A. Atchison, Ben Hyde.

FLOOR COMMITTEE: John Montz, Manager. J. W. Shepperd, Director

Bob Hennessey, Hugh Ed. Wittig. Hugh Conlon, The public generally are invited to

All Firemen are requested to appear in uniform.

Prof. A. LOISETTE, 237 Fifth Avenue, N.Y Tickets, admitting Gente and Ladies, \$2.